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Borough of Crosby

Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1946



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BOROUGH OF CROSBY

MAYOR: MR. ALDERMAN J. ALLEN JONES, J.P.

DEPUTY MAYOR: MR. ALDERMAN A. G. JAMIESON, J.P.

TOWN CLERK: FRANK D. FOULKES, Esq.

Health Committee at the end of 1946

Chairman:

MR. COUNCILLOR J. MORRIS.

Vice-Chairman:

MR. COUNCILLOR H. S. DICKSON.

THE MAYOR THE DEPUTY MAYOR Ex-Officio.

Mr. Alderma	n G. W. BEVAN	Mr. C	ouncillo	or S. J. Hebbert
>> >>	W. CUMMINS	35	22	R. L. HOLMAN
Alderman Mi	ss F. Rollo, J.P.	22	33	H. R. KEEGAN
Mr. Alderman	n D. I. SAWYER	>>	22	T. D. McKillop
22 22	A. S. WILLIAMS		>>	E. Rosewarne
,, Councillor	H. E. CASSIDY			E. H. SPENCER
22	T. CLARE			.W. E. TARRANT
>> >>	J. S. Duckels	Mr. Co	uncillo	R. B. WAITE
33 33	J. G. Eccles	22		F. WARD
>> >>	W. O. GRIFFITH	,,	,,	

Medical Services Sub-Committee

Chairman: Mr. Councillor J. MORRIS.

THE MAYOR THE DEPUTY MAYOR Ex-Oficio.

Mr. Alderman A. S. WILLIAMS.

Mr. Councillor H. S. DICKSON Mr. Councillor R. L. HOLMAN Mr. Councillor J. G. Eccles Mr. Councillor E. ROSEWARNE Councillor Mrs. W. E. TARRANT

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT, 1946

Medical Officer of Health: A. J. W. CUNNINGHAM, M.A., M.D. (Cantab.), D.P.H. (Liverpool)

Assistant Medical Officer of Health:
(Miss) M. MURRAY,
M.B., Ch.B. (Liverpool), M.R.C.S. (Lond.), D.P.H. (Liverpool).

On Active Service.

Temporary Assistant Medical Officer of Health:
SUSAN H. MONTGOMERY, M.B., CH.B. (Liverpool). Dental Surgeons.

J. F. COWELL, L.D.S., R.C.S. (Eng.). (Part-time). A. H. CLEAVER, L.D.S., R.F.P.S. (Glas.). (Part-time).

CONSULTANT STAFF:

Gynaecologist:

SIDNEY B. HERD, M.D., Ch.B., F.C.O.G. (Part-time).

Ear, Nose & Throat Surgeon: JOHN ROBERTS, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Part-time).

Ophthalmic Surgeon:
J. BERKSON, M.B. Ch.B. (Part-time).

OTHER OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT

Chief Sanitary Inspector: G. F. LEWIS, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A.

Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector: R. SPENCER, M.S.I.A.

District Sanitary Inspectors: D. BARBER, A.R.S.I., M.S.I.A. V. W. VICKERS, M.S.I.A. P. M. WATSON, M.S.I.A.

Senior Health Visitor:

Miss K. ARMSTRONG, s.r.n., s.r.c.n., s.c.m., h.v.cert.

District Health Visitors:

Miss D. PARKINSON, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert. Miss C. E. FOX, s.R.N., s.C.M. H.V.Cert. Miss M. WILKINSON, S.R.N., S.R.C.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert. Miss H. BLACK, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert. Miss M. V. RIMMER, S.R.N., S.C.M., S.R.F.N., H.V. Cert.

> CLERICAL STAFF F. C. WILKINSON J. HARROWER
> Miss M. CULLIMORE.
> Miss D. JONES Miss M. JONES Miss A. WHALEN Miss J. DRAPER Miss A. HOCKENHULL

Public Health Department, Town Hall, Waterloo, Liverpool, 22.

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit to you herewith the tenth Annual Report relating to the health of the Borough of Crosby for the year ended 31st December, 1946.

This year was the first completely free from war, and although its effects were still all too obvious it became possible again to devote energies to peacetime duties.

The total number of births was 1,063, giving a birth rate of 18.4 per 1,000 as against the figure of 17.1 for the previous year.

The total number of deaths was 770, giving a death rate of 13.3 as compared with 13.7 in 1945.

For the second year running no deaths were recorded from diphtheria, and this, together with the fall in the number of cases reported, from 40 in 1945 to 28, would appear to be directly correlated with the extensive campaign in anti-diphtheria inoculation carried out in recent years.

Other changes during the year included the opening of a Clinic at the Congregational Hall in Scaforth. As the year went on the value of the work done became obvious, and has proved useful to, and much appreciated by, people at that end of the Borough.

The Ambulance Service, a direct descendant of the Civil Defence days, and now under the Health Committee, dealt with road accidents as well as providing very useful services in emergency medical and maternity cases.

The housing question became more pressing, and the Council decided to set up a Housing Department and to appoint a Housing Manager, thus making a methodical attempt to deal with a very difficult and pressing problem—a problem more difficult from the slow rate of progress in providing new houses.

After recent changes the staff of the Department has again settled down, and to them I express my thanks for their loyal co-operation, and once again to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their continued interest and enthusiasm for the health of the Borough.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, Yours obediently,

A. J. W. CUNNINGHAM,

Medical Officer of Health.

Deaths Registered in the Borough since its Formation

1	t ase		-44		~	0)	~	_	7	0)	101
	Heart Disease	159	144	166	178	172	148	189	197	222	225
Deaths from:-	Cancer all ages	86	111	104	92	103	93	101	116	123	114
Dea	Zymotic Diseases	14	17	21	∞	22	6	∞	4	2	12
Deaths	Pul- monary Tuber- culosis	35	33	22	29	40	36	40	34	35	47
Rate	per 1000 births	130	206	357	153	200	77	138	129	81	120
	Illegi- timate	3	9	10	9	6	4	6	10	9	9
Rate	1000 live births	53	53	59	59	80	09	44	48	42	50
	Legit- imate	44	41	43	47	57	53	41	48	33	51
Death Rate	per 1000 live births	56	28	70	64	87	61	51	54	42	53
Deaths	Infants under 1 year of age	47	47	53	53	99	57	20	58	39	57
Death Rate per 1000	England & Wales	12.4	11.6	12.1	14.3	12.9	11.6	12.1	11.6	11.4	11.5
Death Rate	est. pop.	12.7	11.4	12.7	13.8	17.8	11.9	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.3
	Total	711	639	705	752	915	631	720	730	736	770
	Female	352	319	377	387	479	314	365	365	372	391
	Maic	359	320	328	365	436	317	355	365	364	379
Popularion	Registrar General's Estimate	55,580	55,780	25,690	54,280	51,290	53,010	52,160	52,800	53,670	57,540
;	Year	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946

SECTION I.

Vital Statistics.

Area, 6,852 acres (Land and inland water 4,771 acres, Foreshore 2,081 acres).

Population (Census 1931), 50,569.

Population (Estimated 1946), 57,540.

Number of inhabited houses (end of 1946) according to Rate Books 15,940.

Rateable value at October, 1946, £514,189.

Sum represented by a penny rate (Estimated 1946-47), £2,031.

Live births—	_	
Legitimate Total M. Legitimate 1,013 535 Illegitimate 50 31	478	
Total	497 tion 18	3.4
Stillbirths	7	0
Deaths	F. 391	
Deaths from puerperal causes—		
Puerperal sepsis Other Maternal causes	Deaths - -	
Total Death-rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	Nil -	
Death-rate of infants under one year of age:—		
All infants per 1,000 live births Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	50	
Deaths from Cancer (all ages) ,, ,, Measles (all ages) ,, ,, Whooping Cough (all ages)	1	

Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)....

8

BIRTH RATES, CIVILIAN DEATH RATES, ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY, MATER-NAL MORTALITY, AND CASE RATES FOR CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN THE YEAR 1946. England and Wales, London, 126 Great Towns and 148 Smaller Towns.

(Provisional Figures based on Weekly and Quarterly Returns).

	England and Wales	126 County Boroughs and Great Towns, including London	148 Smaller Towns (Resident Populations 25,000 to 50,000 at 1931 Census)	London Adminis- trative County	Borough of Crosby
		Rates per 1	,000 Civiliar	n Populatio	n
BIRTHS Live Still	19.1 0.53	22.2 0.67	21.3 0.59	21.5 0.54	18.4
DEATHS All Causes Typhoid and Para-	11.5	12.7	11.7	12.7	13.3
typhoid Fevers Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01	0.05
InfluenzaSmallpoxMeasles	0.15 0.00 0.00	0.13 0.00 0.01	0.14 0.00 0.00	0.12	0.14
		Rates p	er 1,000 Liv	e Births	
Deaths under 1 year of ageDeaths from Diarrhoea	43	46	37	41	53
and Enteritis under 2 years of age	4.4	6.1	2.8	4.2	7.5
	Rate	es per 1,000	Total Births	(Live and	Still)
MATERNAL MORTALITY (England and Wales) Abortion with Sepsis (No. 140) Abortion without Sepsis (No. 141) Puerperal Infections (No. 147) Other Causes Nos.142-6 & 148-150	0.13 0.06 0.18 1.06	Other	classificatio available	ns	*** *** ***

A dash (-) indicates that there were no deaths.

	19	00	19	10	19	15	1946 Borough of	
	Gt. Crosby	W'loo & Seaforth	Gt. Crosby	W'loo & Seaforth	Gt. Crosby	W'loo & Seaforth	Crosby	
Population	7974	22,500	14,300	27,780	13,781	27,473	57,540	
	30,	474	42,	080	41,	254	37,340	
Births	156	575	247	641	270	619	1,063	
	73	1	88	8	88	9	1,003	
Birth Rate	19.61	23.00	17.27	23.07	19.73	22.53	18.4	
Deaths	100	305	123	274	123	403		
	405		397		526		770	
Death Rate	12.57	12.20	8.60	9.86	8.99	14.66	13.3	
Deaths of Infants of under 1 year	12	76	28	51	19	56	57	
of age	8	38		79	75			
Deaths from :- Diphtheria		3	2	4	4	5		
Scarlet Fever	_	_	_	2	2	2	_	
Cancer	?	5	6	28	8	39	114	
Heart Disease	?	24	11	13	11	25	225	
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	3	24	7	25	12	16	47	

	Per	Rate of					
Man of 5	Live birth- rate	Crude death- rate	Death Rate from Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	Death- rate from Cancer	Per 1000 live births	Per 1000 total live & still births	deaths under one year per 1000 live births
Mean of 5 years,							
1941-1945	17.7	14.2	0.69	2.03	1.80	1.75	59
Year 1945	17.1	13.7	0.65	2.29	1.08	1.06	42
,, 1946	18.4	13.3	0.81	1.98	-	-	53

Increase or decrease in 1946 on—5 years' average 1941-1945

1941-1945	+0.7	- 0.9	+0.12	-0.05	-1.80	- 1.75	- 6
Previous							
Previous year	+ 1.3	- 0.4	+0.16	-0.31	-1.08	-1.06	+11

VITAL STATISTICS 9

Registrar-General's Short List of causes of Death in the Borough during the year 1946.

	Males	Females	Total	Rate
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 2. Cerebro-Spinal Fever 3. Scarlet Fever 4. Whooping Cough 5. Diphtheria 6. Tuberculosis of respiratory system 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 8. Syphilitic Disease 9. Influenza 10. Measles 11. Acute Polio-myelitis and Polio-encephalitis 12. Acute Infectious Encephalitis 13. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (males), uterus (females) 14. Cancer of stomach and duodenum 15. Cancer of breast 16. Cancer of all other sites 17. Diabetes 18. Intra-cranial Vascular Lesions 19. Heart Disease 20. Other diseases of the circulatory system 21. Bronchitis 22. Pneumonia 23. Other respiratory diseases 24. Ulceration of stomach or duodenum 25. Diarrhoea (under two years of age) 26. Appendicitis 27. Other digestive diseases 28. Nephritis 29. Puerperal and Post-abortive Sepsis 30. Other maternal causes 31. Premature Birth 32. Congenital Malformations, Birth Injury and Infantile Disease 33. Suicide 34. Road Traffic Accidents 35. Other violent causes 36. All other causes		2 - 16 - 3 - 4 - 1 - 4 - 10 - 9 - 43 - 7 - 20 - 8 - 7 - 4 - 1 - 6 - 10 - 10 - 5 - 2 - 3 - 9 - 30 - 391		

SECTION 2

General Provision of Health Services in the Area

HOSPITALS.

SMALLPOX AND OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

There is no Infectious Diseases Hospital in the district, but an arrangement is in force whereby cases are treated in the Liverpool Infectious Diseases Hospitals. Patients are received until the Hospitals are full, the available accommodation being sufficient for the needs of the district.

TUBERCULOSIS

Administered by the County Council.

MATERNITY CASES

There is no Maternity Hospital in the district, but the Liverpool Hospitals are available.

CHILDREN'S AND OTHERS

Waterloo and District General Hospital, also Bootle and Liverpool Hospitals.

Three Institutions in the district receive unmarried mothers, illegitimate infants or homeless children.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES

(a) For Infectious Cases—Liverpool Corporation Motor Ambulance, (b) For non-infectious cases and accident cases—Motor Ambulances, Bootle General Hospital, Lancashire Public Assistance Committee, and Merseyside Hospitals (Penny in the £ subscribers) Ambulance, and the Borough of Crosby Ambulance Service.

CLINIC AND TREATMENT CENTRES

Services provided by CROSBY CORPORATION

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

1. Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics.

(a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo Friday mornings.

(b) Seaforth Clinic, Cecil Road, Seaforth. Monday afternoons.

2. Child Welfare Clinics.

(a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.
Monday and Wednesday afternoon.

(b) Seaforth Clinic, Cecil Road, Seaforth. Wednesday afternoons.

(c) Alexandra Hall, Crosby.
Tuesday and Thursday afternoons.

HEALTH SERVICES 11

Services provided by CROSBY CORPORATION (Continued)

- 3. Immunisation Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo. Alternate Tuesday afternoons.
 - (b) Alexandra Hall, Crosby.
 Alternate Tuesday afternoons.
- 4. Artificial Sunlight Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.
 Tuesday mornings and Friday afternoons.

Provided by LANCS. COUNTY COUNCIL

SHOOL MEDICAL SERVICES

- 1. Minor Ailments Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo. Every morning—treatment. Friday morning—Doctor's consultation.
 - (b) Seaforth Clinic, Cecil Road, Seaforth. Every morning, except Saturday—treatment. Monday morning—Doctor's consultation.
 - (c) Alexandra Hall, Crosby.
 Thursday morning—Doctor's consulatation.
- 2. Dental Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.

 Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
 mornings and Thursday afternoons.
 - (b) Alexandra Hall, Crosby.Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday mornings.Gas sessions when necessary.
- 3. Orthodontic Clinic.
 - (a) Alexandra Hall, Crosby. Wednesday afternoons.
- 4. Ophthalmic Clinic
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo. Monday and Wednesday mornings.
- 5. Ear, Nose and Throat Consultant Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo. Tuesday mornings when necessary.
 - (b) Waterloo Hospital.

 Operations when necessary.

Provided by LANCS, COUNTY COUNCIL

- 6. Artificial Light Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.
 Tuesday mornings and Friday afternoons.
- 7. Orthopaedic Clinic.
 - (a) The Clinic, Linacre Road, Litherland. Thursday mornings.

OTHER SERVICES

- 8. Tuberculosis Clinic.
 - (a) The Dispensary, "Ellesmere", Crosby Road N., Waterloo. By appointment.
- 9. Venereal Disease Clinics.
 - (a) Bootle Hospital.
 - (b) Liverpool Hospitals.

Miscellaneous.

PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME

There are two Nursing Associations in the Borough:

- 1. The Waterloo and Seaforth Nursing Association which employs two nurses.
- 2. The Great Crosby Nursing Association which employs three nurses.

MIDWIVES

There are 10 Midwives practising in the district of whom 5 are salaried Midwives appointed to the Borough by the Lancashire County Council participating in the scheme of a National Service of State Midwives. All the Midwives are qualified, holding the certificate of the Central Midwives Board. This number does not include the midwives practising exclusively in the Nursing Homes and Resident Institutions in the Borough.

BACTERIOLOGICAL WORK

All specimens requiring bacteriological examination are submitted to Professor Robinson, City Bacteriologist, City Laboratories, Liverpool.

MISCELLANEOUS 13

PUBLIC ANALYST—FOOD & DRUGS ACT, 1938

Professor Roberts, City Analyst, City Laboratories, Liverpool, who was appointed Public Analyst to the Borough of Crosby in 1939 under the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, retired in July 1946, and was succeeded by Mr. J. F. Clark.

WATER SUPPLY

Water is supplied to the district by Liverpool Corporation. The chief source of supply is Lake Vyrnwy in Wales. The water is moderately soft in character and is excellent for all domestic purposes. All houses are supplied from the public mains.

The supply in the area over the past year has been satisfactory, both in quality and quantity.

Bacteriological examinations are made regularly by the Liverpool City Bacteriologist, these routine examinations take place in the City of Liverpool and at the Prescot Storage Reservoirs. The results of the chemical analyses have all been satisfactory.

The water is not liable to plumbo-solvent action.

The supplies both from Rivington and Lake Vyrnwy are treated by slow sand filtration and chlorination, and further chlorination is carried out at Prescot Storage Reservoirs.

SCAVENGING

This work is carried out by the Corporation workmen under the supervision of a Cleansing Superintendent directed by the Borough Engineer.

The main roads are cleansed daily, other roads at less frequent intervals—at least once weekly. The district is therefore kept in a clean and tidy state, the whole of the 76 miles of roads with their passages receiving regular attention.

SECTION 3.

Maternity and Child Welfare

VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1946:-

Live Births 1,063
Still Births 22
Total Births 1,085
Live Birth Rate 18.4

(per 1000 of population)
Still Birth Rate 20

(per 1000 live and still births)

Infant Mortality Rate 53 Maternal Mortality Rate Nil

BIRTHS AND STILL-BIRTHS REGISTERED IN THE BOROUGH SINCE ITS FORMATION

Year	Population	Males	Females	Total	Legit- imate	Illegit- imate	Live Birth Rate per 1000 Pop. Crosby	Live Birth Rate Eng. & Wales	No. of Still- Births Crosby
1937	55,580	443	396	839	816	23	15.0	14.9	41
1938	55,780	417	382	799	770	29	14.3	15.1	32
1939	55,690	378	371	749	721	28	13.4	15.0	33
1940	54,280	423	407	830	791	39	15.2	14.6	7
1941	51,290	413	369	782	737	45	15.2	14.2	25
1942	53,010	492	436	928	876	52	17.5	15.8	39
1943	52,160	491	488	979	914	65	18.7	16.5	34
1944	52,800	553	508	1061	984	77	20.0	17.6	35
1945	53,670	473	450	923	849	74	17.1	16.1	19
1946	57,540	566	497	1063	1013	50	18.4	19.1	22

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936

Under this Act, 909 live births and 15 still-births were notified during 1946 and 473 births were transferred, from hospitals and nursing homes outside this district, to the area. Of the Births notified and transferred 1020 were visited and 795 re-visits were made to children under the age of one year. 213 births were transferred outside the district

1291 visits were made to children between the ages of one and five years and whenever necessary the parents were advised to obtain medical aid. 182 visits were made to children requiring special attention. Enquiries were made regarding the 15 still-births.

INFANT WELFARE CENTRES

The following table shows the attendances at these clinics and is a good indication of their popularity and usefulness. The clinic for Crosby residents is held at the Alexandra Hall, on Tuesdays and Thursdays, that for Waterloo residents is held at Prince Street on Mondays and Wednesdays, and that for Seaforth residents is held at Cecil Road, Seaforth, on Wednesdays.

Table showing Attendances at Infant Welfare Clinics, 1946.

	CROSBY		WATE	RLOO	SEA	FORTH	To	tals
Month	Under	1-5	Under	1-5	Under	1-5	Under	1-5
	1 year	yrs.	1 year	yrs.	1 year	yrs.	1 year	yrs.
January February March April May June July August September October November	311	118	122	71	220	124	653	313
	351	148	198	133	226	144	775	425
	356	133	123	123	229	115	708	371
	374	131	132	94	362	134	868	359
	478	182	285	121	253	109	1016	412
	378	149	172	100	277	42	827	291
	396	113	345	114	354	82	1095	309
	500	145	190	90	287	54	977	289
	487	35	391	165	253	56	1131	256
	696	167	346	91	404	100	1446	358
	513	95	339	88	251	102	1103	285
Totals	320 5160	55 1471	276	46 1236	3286	55 1117	766	156 3824

The Ladies of the Health Society continue to do excellent work in connection with Maternity and Child Welfare. During the year they have given assistance to a large number of necessitous families, including nursing and expectant mothers. Each case was personally investigated and the circumstances considered by them. Virol, Irradex, Maltoline and Dried Milk was supplied free or at reduced prices upon the instructions of the Society, the difference in cost being reimbursed to the Corporation out of the Society's funds. Babies garments were made by members of the Society, and supplied at cost price.

ANTE-NATAL AND POST-NATAL CLINICS

The County Midwives continue to attend the ante-natal clinic with their patients and close co-operation is maintained between the Midwives and the Health Visitors. Where necessary patients are referred to hospital for special advice, treatment or investigation. A number of patients have been referred for dental treatment and in special circumstances have been treated by the Clinic Dentist. For these patients dentures are supplied either free of charge or at less than cost price.

Attendances at Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics.

Clinic	No. of Notified Births	No. of Expectant and recent Mothers who attended	Total Attendances to Clinic	% of number attended to number of notified births		
		Clinic	Cimic	1946	1945	
Ante-Natal Post-Natal	909 909	428 57	1531 138	47.1	39.5 9.1	

Of the 485 cases who attended the ante-natal and post-natal clinics a large number were referred to the clinic by local practitioners and by the midwives practising in the district. A small number were recommended to attend after leaving hospitals and nursing homes.

In addition to the attendances at the clinic the health visitors made 66 first visits and 23 re-visits to the homes of these cases.

ARTIFICIAL SUNLIGHT CLINIC.

Artificial Sunlight treatment was given to mothers and children suffering from anaemia, rheumatism, debility, enlarged glands and other conditions.

During the year 109 new cases received treatment, each one being examined by the Assistant Medical Officer before and during the course. A total of 1,165 attendances was made.

AURAL CLINIC

Before treatment at the aural clinic all children are examined by the Medical Officer who then recommends suitable cases for treatment. During 1946, 45 new cases were treated and 219 re visits of children for treatment were recorded.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936—CHILD LIFE PROTECTION

Provision has been made for carrying out the duties under Sections 206 to 220 of this Act. The Senior Health Visitor is appointed Child Life Protection Visitor and during the year she made 85 visits to children in the care of foster parents.

The children were generally well cared for.

There are now on the register 11 registered foster parents having the care of 12 children.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM

	CASES			
Number Notified	Тге	ated	Unimpaired Vision	***
	At Home	In Hospital	Vision	Deaths
_		_	_	_

INFANT MORTALITY, 1946.

Deaths of Infants under one year of age.

	Total	Under 1 wk.	1–4 wks.	1-3 mths.	3–6 mths.	6–9 mths.	9–12 mths.
Prematurity Gastro-Enteritis Broncho Pneumonia Asphyxia Marasmus Icterus Gravis Convulsions Atelectasis Cerebral Haemhorrage Bronchitis Abnormal Delivery Difficult Birth Erythroblastosis Hydrocephalus Spina Bifida Congenital Deformity Haemorrhagic Dis. of Inf. Otitis Media Intussusception	20 9 5 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16 1 2 1 2 - 1 1 1 1 - -	4 2 — 1 — — — — — — —	- 4 2 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1	- 2 2 2 -1 1 	- - 1 - - - - - - - -	
Totals	57	27	8	12	6	3	1

This total of 57 deaths shows an Infant Mortality rate of 53 per 1,000 live births

Numbers	of Dea	ths of Inf	ants under	One Year	of Age,
during	each Y	Year since	Formation	of Borou	igh

YEAR	TOTAL		LEGIT	IMATE	ILLEGITIMATE		
IEAR	М	F	М	F	М	F	
1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	26 27 28 29 40 29 31 31 22 33	21 20 25 24 26 28 19 27 17 24	24 24 25 24 34 28 25 23 19 30	20 17 18 23 23 25 16 25 14 21	2 3 3 5 6 1 6 8 3 3	1 3 7 1 3 3 3 2 3 3	

MATERNAL MORTALITY

There were no maternal deaths in the Borough during the year.

CARE OF ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN

These children receive the attention of our Health Visitors, but cases of particular difficulty are referred to the Lancashire County Council, who employ a specially trained Almoner for this work.

CARE OF PREMATURE INFANTS

Sixty premature babies were born during 1946 to mothers normally resident in the Borough.

Particular attention is given to such cases by the Health Visitors, who arrange for the supply of draught proof cots, gamgee jackets and special feeding bottles where necessary.

The services of a Home Help are available, or where removal to hospital is advised, this is carried out by the Borough Ambulance Service.

HOME AND DOMESTIC HELPS

This service was successfully operated during 1946, seven wholetime and one part-time helps being employed at the end of the year. Assistance was given in 85 cases, the charge varying with the means of the recipient in accordance with a scale approved by the Council.

SECTION 4.

Immunisation

DIPHTHERIA

The facilities for immunisation against Diphtheria which have been available to residents for several years were continued during 1946. Up to 1942, unless otherwise requested, immunisation in this Borough was always in respect of both Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever, but during 1943 a change of policy was made and immunisation against Diphtheria only is now offered.

The prophylactics used are supplied by Messrs. Burroughs, Wellcome & Co., and the dosage is as follows:—

3 Fortnightly doses of 1 c.c. T.A.F.

	Under 5 yrs.	5–15 yrs.	Total
Number of children who have completed a full course of immunisation during the year 1946 Estimated number of the child population who have completed a full	523	68	591
course of immunisation by the end of 1946	1586	4448	6034
Percentage of the child population treated at the end of 1946	34%	55%	47½%

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

											1		
Age	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
0+	16	13	7	1	2	4	2	18	20	1	3	2	26
1+	59	33	23	15	21	15	20	131	229	180	210	299	361
2+	40	29	17	8	27	37	78	90	160	86	110	162	51
3+	61	94	26	6	27	32	75	83	145	41	30	76	52
4+	48	33	26	9	26	58	78	96	154	37	34	34	33
5+	77	80	43	16	52	56	23	105	205	75	24	32	20
6+	44	38	29	11	38	47	22	75	170	35	37	31	14
7+	37	30	18	7	32	47	12	52	133	31	27	11	10
8+	65	63	27	24	43	38	10	59	136	30	13	6	4
9+	48	34	11	9	14	30	8	30	120	36	17	2	8
10+	46	34	24	6	30	34	6	42	131	37	21	7	6
11+	35	38	24	6	16	34	6	23	113	46	12	2 -	_
12+	51	64	27	16	26	50	9	22	106	46	13	2	3
13+	28	36	14	10	15	35	6	13	103	17	15	2	3
14+	17	8		2	8	52	6	2	31	12	6	1	
15+	15	10	1	10	74	18	2	18	1	24			1
	687	637	317	156	451	587	363	859	1957	734	572	669	592

Total number children us five years of ag 1,586.

Total numbe children from to fifteen year age:—4,448.

SECTION 5.

During the year, 206 samples of food were purchased and submitted for analysis, of these 96 were formal samples, and 110 informal, full details being set out in the following table:—

				No.	adulterat wise givin	ed or g rise		
Article	Num	ber Exam	ined	to	irregulari	ty	No. of	Inform-
***************************************	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Tetal	Vendors Warned	ations
A1 101 D							- Tailled	lalu
Almond Subs. Powder		1	1	-	-	_	-	
Barley	_	2	2	_		_	_	
Black Puddings	_	1	1	-				-
Baking Powder	_	1	1	-		-	_	-
Benergy	<u> </u>	1	1	-			-	_
Bun Flour	_	1.	1		_			_
Butter Boof & Vool Combonley & Service	_	1	1			—	_	-
Beef &Veal Cumberland Sausage	-	1	1		_	—		
Bread	_	1	1					-
Brawn	_	3	3	-	-	_		-
Brandy Flavouring Ess. Bouillon Cubes.	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Cream of Tartar		1	1	_	-		—	_
Coffee	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Cake and Pudding Mixture	_	1 1	1					
Celery Salt		2	2	_	_		_	_
Chocolate Cup		1	1		_			_
Cooking Fats and Compound		2	1 1	-			_	_
Culinary Herbs	1	2	2	$\frac{1}{1}$	_			_
Custard Flavour		1	1	1		1	1	_
Custard Tart		1 1	1					_
Cayenne (ground)		1	1					_
Cake Flour		1	1					
Caraway Seeds		1	1					
Cyder		î	1					
Cough Mixture		î	î					
Dessert Mould		î	î l	_		_	_	_
Dessert Powder	_	ī	î	_	1	1	1	_
Digestive Tablets	-	î	- î					_
Date Pudding		ī	ī					
Edible Cake Decorations		1	ī	_		_	_	_
Forcemeat	_	1	1	_	_		_	
Fish Cakes		2	2	-	_			_
Fish Paste	-	6	6	_	_	-	_	-
Food Flavouring Compound	_	3	3	_	-			_
Gin	4		4	1	- 1	1	_	1
Gelatine	1	1	2	_	-			_
Gravy Browning]	4	4	-	1	1	-	
Ginger (ground)		1	1	_	_	-	_	
Grape Saline		1	1	-	_	_	-	_
Horseradish Sauce	-	2	2	-	_	_		
Herring and Tomato Paste	1	_	1	-	-			-
Honey	-	1	1		_	_	-	
Jam		1	1	_	_	_		
Jelly Making Compound	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	
Corried Formand	8	60	68	3	3	6	3	1
Carried Forward	0	00	00	3	7	0	5	1

Article	Numt	oer Exam	ined	otherw	adulterate ise giving : regularity	rise to		
THERE	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total	No. of Vendors Warned	Inform- ations laid
Brought Forward Junket Powder Lemonade Crystals Mint in Vinegar Milk Margarine Meat Paste Malted Food Malted Drink Malt Cocoa Spread Malt and Egg Chocolate Flavour Meat Pies Mussels in Vinegar (Potted) Mustard Sauce Mustard Mineral Water Pea Flour (prepared) Parsley Patent Milk Food Potted Herring & Tomato Sauce Potted Meat Paste Polony Piccalilli Pineapple Flavour Pork and Beef Paste (Potted) Rum Steamed Pudding Mixture (Ginger) Strawberry Mould Spring Salts Soup Powder Soup Powder Soup Powder (Tinned) Sauce Salmon (Tinned) Sausages Thyme (dried) Tea Vegetable Extract Vinegar Vapour Inhalant Whisky	3	60 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	68 1 2 1 80 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 - 5 - 2	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 1	3 1 2	
Totals for Year	96	110	206	13	13	26	8	7

Of the 206 samples taken and submitted for analysis 26 or 12.1 per cent. were reported as falling short of the required standard composition, as being definitely adulterated, or giving rise to irregularities. Details of these samples are set out in the following

table:—	able:—	1000		
	Article	Formal (F) or Informal (I)	Nature of Adulteration or Irregularity	Observations
	Jelly Making Compound Orange Flavour	Ι	Contained 160 parts of Zinc per million	Manufacturers asked to account for the presence of zinc. Formal sample obtained.
	Malted Food.	Н	Not in accordance with the formula stated on the container.	Communicated with the manufacturers who submitted specimen of amended label.
	Gravy Browning	I	Not labelled in accordance with provisions of the Labelling of Food (No. 2) Order, 1944	Sample proved to be the last bottle of old stock—new stock correctly labelled—No action taken.
1	Parsley	I	Contained 0.5 per cent excess sand and siliceous matter.	No action taken.
	Meat Paste	Ϊ́	Deficient in Meat—(Meat not more than 24 per cent).	Case dismissed.
	Culinary Herbs —Parsley	ĬΤ	Contained 4 per cent excess sand and siliceous matter.	Wholesaler warned.
	Jelly Making compound Orange Flavour	ĬΊ	Contained 130 parts of zinc per million	Manufacturer warned.
	Rum	F	Contained 10.7 per cent excess water.	Fined £5 0s. 0d. and £2. 2s. 0d. costs.
	Milk	F	Deprived of 6 per cent of its milk fat.	Vendor Warned.
	Milk	F	Deprived of 8 per cent of its milk fat	Vendor Warned.

Observations	Vendor interviewed.	Fined £3. 0s. d. and £2. 2s. 0d. costs.	Fined £3. 0. 0d. and £2. 2s. 0d. costs.	Formal sample to be obtained.	Legal proceedings being taken.	Vendor Warned.	Vendor Warned.	Further sample to be taken.	Formal sample obtained and submitted for analysis.	1. "Article not of nature, substance and quality demanded"—Fined £10 and £5.5s 0d costs. 2. "Giving false warranty"—Fined £10 and £5.5s. 0d. costs.	Case against vendor dismissed. Employee fined £5 with £5. 5s. 0d costs.
Nature of Adulteration or Irregularity	Contained 2 milligrames of deposit consisting of structures of barley and other vegetable debris, animal hair and dust.	Contained 4.4 per cent excess water	Contained 4.1 per cent excess water	Deficient in Fish—(Fish approximately 56 per cent.)	Deprived of 13 per cent of its milk fat	Did not comply with the Labelling of Food (No. 2) Order, 1944.	Did not comply with the Labelling of Food (No. 2) Order, 1944.	Slightly watered 5.60 per cent Fat, 8.42 per cent other solids. Freezing Point (Hortvet)—0.528 C.	Deficient in Meat—(Meat not more than than 24 per cent).	Deficient in Meat—(Meat not more than 40 per cent).	Contained 12 per cent added water.
Formal (F) or Informal (I)	Ц	Ţ,	Ц	Н	다	I	I	Ţ.		г	Ĺ,
Article	Whisky	Rum	Gin	Potted Herring and Tomato Paste	Milk	Dessert Mould	Vegetable Extract	Milk	Potted Meat Paste	Meat Paste	Milk
Serial No.	50	51	52	59	78	85	87	88	95	100	106

Observations	Vendor Warned.	Only a few packets of this commodity in stock, surrendered by vendor and destroyed.	Correspondence with manufacturers who stated last canning of Hare Soup was in 1943 —No other action taken.	Vendor warned.	Formal Sample to be obtained.
Nature of Adulteration or Irregularity	Did not comply with the Labelling of Food (No. 2) Order, 1944.	Contained large numbers of living and dead acari and was unfit for human consumption.	Deficient in solids to the extent of 31 per cent and in protiens to the extent of 20 per cent.	Slightly deficient in meat (Meat 46 per cent.)	Contained 3.25 per cent excess sand and siliceous matter.
Formal (F) or Informal (I)	I	H	i≕t	 	I
Article	Junket Powder Cherry Flavour	Steamed Pudding Mixture (Ginger)	Canned Hare Soup	Pork Sausage	Thyme
Serial No.	140	149	170	186	205

LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (RIVERS BOARD AND GENERAL POWERS) ACT, 1938

Sections 115 and 116 of this Act, which came into operation on the 1st of April, 1939, have been adopted by the Corporation and were administered during 1946. All persons and premises classified under the provisions of these sections of the Act have been visited and the Inspectors reports show that a high standard of cleanliness is being maintained.

These Sections provide for:-

- 1. The Registration of Hawkers of Meat, Fish, Fruit and Vegetables, and of their premises (if any) for the storage of such goods.
- 2. The Registration of premises used in connection with the manufacture, sale or storage of ice cream.
- 3. The Registration of premises used in connection with the manufacture of sausage, potted, pressed, pickled or perserved meat, fish or other food intended for sale.

ICE CREAM

The manufacture of ice cream was resumed during the year. All premises at which this commodity is manufactured or sold were inspected, and 18 samples were taken for bacteriological examination. In one case the ingredients of which the ice cream was composed was also examined bacteriologically. 159 visits of inspection were made during the year.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

There are no slaughterhouses in the Borough. Practically all the meat which comes into this area is from the Liverpool Corporation Abattoir.

The inspection of food premises is carried out by inspectors possessing the necessary qualifications. Shops, vehicles and premises where food is prepared, stored, conveyed or sold are kept under constant supervision. In carrying out this work the following visits of inspection were made:

Butchers Shops, 151 visits.

Other Food Shops, Vehicles and Premises, 354 visits.

The following articles of food, being unfit for human consumption, were voluntarily surrendered, and where necessary, destroyed. In certain cases, on the undertaking that it would not be used for human consumption, the food was returned to the wholesaler or the Ministry of Food, and utilised for other purposes.

MILK SUPPLY 1946

At the end of 1946, there were 19 cowkeepers on the register. The number of dairies and milk shops on the register, other than those belonging to cowkeepers, is 20.

The visits of inspection made during the year numbered 369. 95 samples of milk taken in the Borough and submitted for examination: 6 or 6.3% were found to contain tubercle bacilli. The County Medical Officer of Health was notified in each instance, and examination of the respective herds was subsequently carried out by the Veterinary Inspectors of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. The animals found to be infected were removed and slaughtered.

CLEANLINESS OF MILK SUPPLY

The standard of cleanliness adopted by the Corporation is B.Coli absent in 1/100 c.c., and the milk to satisfy a methylene blue test. 95 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological examination during the year, and of these 56, or 59 per cent reached the required standard of cleanliness; 39 were found to have B.Coli present in 1/100 c.c. and 19 failed to pass the methylene blue test.

All producers of samples failing to reach the required standard were visited and requested to exercise more care in their methods of production and in the handling and storage of milk supplies.

The constant drift of skilled labour to other occupations, the acute shortage of dairy apparatus and spare parts, the expense and difficulty experienced in carrying out much needed repairs to dairy premises, and the greatly increased consumption of liquid milk all contribute to the present low standard of our milk supply.

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS) ORDER, 1936

Five cowkeepers hold licences from the Lancashire County Council for the production of accredited milk.

The Corporation granted 'dealers' licences to 18 purveyors of tuberculin tested milk, and to one purveyor of pasteurised milk. In addition five supplementary licences to use the designations Tuberculin Tested or Pasteurised in relation to milk retailed in the Borough were granted to purveyors of milk retailing in the Borough by deliveries from dairies in neighbouring areas.

BAKEHOUSES

At the end of 1946 there were 34 bakehouses in the Borough, 3 of these being basement bakehouses. All bakehouses were inspected, and generally were found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition, 39 visits being made during the year.

In several instances bakehouses were noticed to be in need of cleansing and limewashing, and on notifying the occupier the matter was promptly remedied. Various minor defects were noted and on intimation were subsequently rectified.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Factories Act, 1937, Certificates of Suitability are in existence in respect of the three basement bakehouses.

SECTION 6

Prevalence of, and Control over Infectious Diseases

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED

During the year 699 cases of infectious diseases were notified. The figure gives a general attack rate of 12.1 per 1000 of the estimated population. The following table gives details of the cases notified, removed to hospital, etc.

DIPHTHERIA

28 cases of Diphtheria were notified during 1946 as compared with 40 cases in 1945. Of the 28 cases notified, 20 were children under 15 years of age, 5 of whom had not been immunised.

GENERAL

Enquiries were made into each case of infectious disease notified, 334 visits being made by the Sanitary Staff under this heading. Intimations were sent to the Education Department regarding all school children from houses where cases occurred, and when necessary, similar intimations were sent to the Public Libraries.

DISINFECTION

Disinfection was carried out at all houses where infectious disease occurred, entailing the disinfection of 299 rooms at 343 premises. In addition, 3089 articles of clothing, bedding, etc., and 408 library books were removed from such houses and treated at the disinfecting stations.

Table of Infectious Diseases

	Total	1 m 1 m 2 m	21
	65 & over		- 3
_	45-65	- 2	12
	35-45	wc1	∞
	20-35		97
conbs.	15-20	51 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	17
Summary of age groups.	10-15	31 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7
mary o	5-10	44 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 1	610
Sun	4-5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.0
	3-4	2 12 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	2-3	154 15 15 16 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	60
	1-2	1 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8	
	Under	3 2	
Total		122 94 15 378 15 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Number		60 66 66 66 61 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Number	originally notified	122 94 94 378 378 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31	
00000		Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria & Membranous Croup Measles Acute Primary or Influenzal Pneumonia Cerebro-spinal Fever Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Polio-encephalitis Acute	OPER TO A

Infectious Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) Notified by Months during 1946

MONTH	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Pneumonia	Cerebo-Spinal F.	Puerperal Pyrexia	Ophthalmia Neon.	Erysipelas	Measles	German Measles	Whooping Cough	Malaria	Dysentery	Paratyphoid	Poliomyelitis	Totals
January	13	1	4			Ξ	2	6	-	-	-	2	_	-	28
February	19	2	1]	1	-	_	26	2	12		-	-	-	64
March	20	1	3		_		-	20	-	13	-1	1	_	-	58
April	20		2		-		-	16	5	4	-	2	-	-	49
May	9	3	1	-	-		-)	19	9,	11	-	-	-	-	52
June	9	2	-	1	-	-	-	21	-	3	-	-	_	-	36
July	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	23	5	2	-	-	-	-	38
August	1	-	1	2	-	_ 1	_	16		7	-	_	_	-	27
September	5	2	3	-		_	-	5	1	10	_	-	-	-	26
October	10	1	-	1		-	1	18	-)	14	1	-	-	-	46
November	3	-	-	1	-	_	2	83	5	8	-	1	-	-	103
December	12	1	4	-	-	-	1	125	4	10	_	-	-	1	158
Totals	122	15	21	6	1	- 100 Table 201	9	378	31	94	1	6	-	1	685

BACTERIOLOGICAL WORK

The following specimens were submitted to Professor Robinson, City Bacteriologist, Liverpool, for examination:—

Specimens submitted	Examination requested for	No. examined	
Swabs Swabs Faeces Urine Blood Swabs Swabs Swabs Swabs	Diphtheria Bacilli Haemolytic Streptococci Enteric Organisms Enteric Organisms Typhoid Vincent's Angina Eye Organisms Tubercle Bacilli	33 7	7 16 — 1 — 2

Number of Deaths from Infectious Disease during each Year since the Formation of the Borough

	1946		1		3			16		1		
	1945					1	2	22				
	1944		-			-	-	30				1
ngnorom on to more	1943			1	-	-	2	38	1			8
	1942					2	8	23				1
	1941	7			6	000	2	49	1	1		1
	1940					7	-	23		1	1	1
	1939			2	4	11		25			1	2
	1938		7		1	7	1	30		1	1	-
	1937		2		4	5	2	34				
	Disease	Typhoid & Paratyphoid	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria	Cerebro- Spinal Fever	Pneumonia All forms	Smallpox	Poliomyelitis	Polioencepha- litis	Encephalitis Lethargica

Number of Cases of Infectious Disease during each Year since the Formation of the Borough

Disease	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
Smallpox					_	_		_	_	
Enteric Fever	7	8	2	5	34	_	1	_	_	
Scarlet Fever	83	124	474	109	76	53	104	150	140	122
Measles	278	474	28	893	72	328	534	515	145	378
German Measles	14	20	10	540	51	9	25	89	35	31
Diphtheria	87	223	146	103	181	149	80	41	40	15
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	2	4	6	2	2	4	_	1	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	4	8	9	19	9	1	2		2	
Erysipelas	20	23	27	32	15	14	16	15	17	9
Cerebro- Spinal Fever	_	_	1	17	17	4	6	9	4	6
Poliomyelitis		2		2	_	_	_	1	1	1
Typhoid Fever & Paratyphoid	—	_		_	_	_	5	3	2	
Pneumonia	63	36	38	74	73	42	82	42	26	21
Whooping Cough	37	4	1	26	138	19	48	41	22	94
Trachoma	1		—				_	_		_
Relapsing Fever	1	_	1	_		-		_	_	
Polio- encephalitis		_	-	1	-	_	_	_	_	_
Malaria	_	_	_	1	1	1	_	4	1	1
Dysentery					_	1	_	2	1	6
Included in the figures for the War Years 1939-1945 are these cases of Infectious Disease among non-civilians in the Borough.				61	19	17	16	21	5	

SECTION 7.

Tuberculosis

Under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930, 109 new cases were notified in 1946 as suffering from this disease, 96 pulmonary cases and 13 non-pulmonary cases.

In the same period 54 cases were removed from the register after

notification of death.

Details of all new cases and deaths are given in the table below.

Comparative figures for 1945, at 84 cases notified and 39 cases removed from the Register after death, indicate an increase in the incidence of this disease during 1946.

In accordance with the provisions of the Public Health (Tuber-culosis) Regulations, 1940, particulars of all cases falling within the specified age groups were sent to the County Medical Officer of Health for transmission to the Ministry of Labour and National Service.

The activities of the Lancashire County Council Dispensing Organisation, which is responsible for the treatment of tuberculosis within the Borough, were well maintained during the year. Good co-operation exists between this Department and the local Dispensary.

Age Groups Pulmonary Pulmonary Total Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Pulmonary Total 0+			N	ew Ca	SES	an 10000	DEATHS				
M. F. M. J. 1	Age Groups	Pulm	onary				Pulm	onary			Total
1+		M.	F.	М.	F.		М.	F.	М.	F.	
Totals 57 39 9 4 109 31 16 4 3 54	1+	1 1 3 11 10 10 11 8 2	1 2 13 13 8 	1 3 1	1	3 5 6 24 23 19 12 9	1 1 1 4 8 8 8	1 1 4 5	1		2 8
	Totals	57	39	9	4	109	31	16	4	3	54

Incidence of Tuberculosis in Crosby since the Formation of the Borough

Years		New Cases		Deaths from Tuberculosis					
	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total			
1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	66 58 53 71 77 70 73 84 68	19 20 23 12 18 15 20 20 16	85 78 76 83 95 85 93 104 84	35 35 26 41 47 40 40 36 36	6 4 5 5 12 4 2 8 3	41 39 31 46 59 44 42 44 39 54			
					_				

SECTION 8

Shops Acts, 1912-1938

The routine inspection of shops under the above Acts was continued during 1946. A total of 288 inspections was made during the year, and defects and contraventions discovered were referred to the persons responsible. These matters received prompt attention and were dealt with informally. At the end of the year there were 939 occupied shops on the register. There are very few empty shops in the area.

SECTION 9

Factories Act, 1937

All factories in the district have been inspected, 296 visits having been made.

HOME WORKERS

Occupiers of factories from which work of certain kinds is given out are compelled to keep a list of outworkers employed by them, and to send a copy of the list to the Local Authority in February and August of each year. Such lists were received relating to four outworkers.

The home workers were visited on each occasion and the premises found to be satisfactory.

SECTION 10

Housing and Environmental Hygiene

NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING THE YEAR

(a). Total	82
1. By the Local Authority	18
2. By other Local Authorities	Nil
3. By other bodies or persons	24
4. War-damaged houses re-built	40
(b). With State Assistance under the Housing Ac	cts:—
1. By the Local Authority	Nil
2. By other bodies or persons	Nil

INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

During the year 2920 premises were inspected in the district. As a result of these inspections it was necessary to serve 2155 preliminary notices on the owners or occupiers. In the majority of cases these notices received prompt attention. In some instances it was necessary to report the existence of nuisances to the Health Committee and Statutory Notices were ordered to be served. It was found necessary to serve 354 Statutory Notices. The various premises were visited during the progress of the work with the object of ensuring that the nuisances enumerated in the notices were satisfactorily abated, the number of such re-inspections being 7766. During the year 7193 nuisances were discovered and 6165 abated.

In six cases legal proceedings were instituted for failure to comply with statutory notices, and orders were made by the court requiring the defendants to carry out the necessary work.

Intimations were sent to the Borough Engineer's Department on 125 occasions regarding the following matters noted during inspections of the district.

Dangerous Buildings	10
Choked or damaged sewers or drains	60
Defective paving	17
Removal of refuse and debris	9
Complaints re A.R.P. shelters	4
Complaints re public conveniences	3
Other sundry complaints	22

In all cases the intimations received prompt attention.

INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE	YEAR
1. (a). Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing	
Acts)	
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	10,686
2. (a). Number of dwelling-houses (included under (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	_
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	_
3. Number of houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	_
4. Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of (3) above) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	2,155
REMEDY OF DEFECTS WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers.	1,858
ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS	
Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
(1). Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	354
(2). Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:— (a). By owners (b). By Local Authority in default of owners	442
Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:—	
(1). Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	_
(2). Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	_
OVERCROWDING	

CROWDING

There can be no doubt that there is much overcrowding in the Borough, though its exact extent is difficult to assess.

The high post-war marriage rate, the difficulty in obtaining materials for much needed new houses, and the very natural demand for a better standard of accommodation make this a pressing problem, and one whose seriousness is likely to increase for some time to come.

OFFENSIVE TRADES AND FISH FRIERS

There are now no premises in the Borough at which offensive trades are carried on.

There were 27 fish frying establishments on the register at the end of 1946. 85 visits of inspection were made during the year and in all cases the premises were found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition. Minor matters discovered on inspection were all remedied informally.

HOUSE REFUSE

This work is carried out under the direction of the Borough Engineer and is supervised by the Cleansing Superintendent.

For the removal of household refuse the Pagefield System is in operation, except for Hightown and Little Crosby area; the removal of refuse is by means of a covered motor vehicle. In Little Crosby Village where the closet and refuse accommodation is mainly of the privy midden type, the middens are emptied by the Corporation workmen, and local farmers remove the refuse on to the land for manure.

Ashbins and pail closets are emptied weekly, and privy middens at intervals of approximately two months.

Shop refuse is removed twice weekly by means of a covered motor vehicle, and the charge for collection is 3d. per bin after one free bin.

The Corporation dispose of the refuse on to tips, by controlled tipping.

During the year, $13,041\frac{1}{2}$ tons of refuse were collected by the Page-field system, and 1,807 tons by other motor vehicles. The total amount of refuse removed being $14,848\frac{1}{2}$ tons. In addition to this the Corporation removed, during the year, $269\frac{1}{2}$ tons of salvage.

STREAMS AND WATERCOURSES

The streams and ditches are cleansed and bottomed by their respective owners, and receive frequent inspection. Rimrose Brook, which is situated on the eastern boundary, is polluted mainly by the effluent from a large piggery outside the Borough. This effluent has a very offensive smell, contains too much suspended matter to discharge into any watercourse, and gives rise to a nuisance during the summer season when there is little dilution taking place.

Representations have been made when necessary to the Authority in whose district the piggery is situated.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

There are seven factory chimneys in the Borough, five laundries, one brick works and one large mail order store.

Twenty-one smoke observations were made during the year, and offenders were advised on the methods of securing smokeless combustion. Unsuitable fuel and overloading due to shortage of new plant appear to be the main causes of excessive smoke emission.

There are no Bye-Laws in force under the Public Health (Smoke Abatement) Act, 1926, or the Public Health Act, 1936.

CINEMAS

There are seven cinemas in the Borough. All were inspected and found to be well conducted, 19 visits being made for this purpose during the year.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

The methods employed for the freeing of infested houses from bed bugs are:—the removal of infested bedding and clothing etc., to the disinfecting station, the thorough spraying of the rooms with an insecticide, and the use of insecticidal 'smokes'.

All complaints received regarding infestation were investigated, and the number of houses found to be infested were:—

Council Houses, 28. Other Houses, 217.

199 additional visits of inspection were also recorded under this heading during the year, and other premises were disinfected on account of infestation by fleas, moths, cockroaches, etc.

TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS

There are no temporary dwellings in the Borough.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION, 1919

Complaints were received regarding rat infestation, and the ensuing investigations entailed 245 visits. In the majority of cases the methods recommended by the Ministry of Food were employed, usually with satisfactory results.

Where necessary, owners or occupiers were advised on the best methods of rat proofing their premises to prevent re-infestation.

In the agricultural portion of the Borough dogs and ferrets are still used where the laying of poisoned baits is impracticable.

The work of treating the sewers for rats has been again carried out during the year. 545 sewer manholes were baited with pre-bait, and in 185 cases pre-bait 'takes' were recorded. These manholes were then baited with poison.

As a measure of economy, poison bait 'takes' were not checked, but the detailed figures for the second pre-baiting were as follows.

Number	of manholes	shewing	complete 'take'	126
"	,,	,,	slight 'take'	59
,,	,,	,,	bait untouched	360

PUBLIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

At the end of 1946 there were 21 Public Elementary Schools in the Borough. The schools were inspected periodically during the year and any defects discovered were reported to the Education Department. All the children who are excluded from school on account of infectious disease in their homes are notified to the Education Department, and the Head Teachers are also informed.

SUMMARY OF WORK OF SANITARY INSPECTORS, 1946

Public Health	and Ho	ousing Acts		
		ling houses in	aspected under Public Health Act	2908
>>		,, re	e-visited under Public Health Act	776
,,			ispected under Housing Act	12
>>			e-visited under Housing Act	2
))			spected re overcrowding	21
))			spected re vermin	199
32	comp	laints receive	d and investigated	1211
General Sani	tation			
Number	of visits	re water sur	oply	111
>>	,,			255
33	,,	to stables ar	nd piggeries	44
,,	,,	to offensive		3
,,	22		et in lodgings	22
>>	>>		and Workshops	296
,,	>>	to Bakehous		39
>>	>>		onveniences	46
>>	>>		and Cinemas	19
>>	>>	re Refuse C	ollection and Deposit	30
>>	"	to Petroleun	Mice	245
33	"		rses and Ditches	27 54
93	"	re Infectious	Diseases and Disinfection	425
))))	"		servations	21
,, ,,	"	to Common	Yards and Passages	36
>>	.95	to Tents, Va	ins and Sheds	22
Meat and Foo				
	_			
Number	OI VISITS	to Butchers'	Shops	151
>>	>>	to Fishmong	gers and Poulterers	50
"	>>	to Grocers a	nd General Food Shops	180
"	>>	to Greenare	h Shops	85
,,,	>>	to Restauran	cers and Fruiterers	42
))))	"	to Cowsheds		20
"	,,	to Dairies	***************************************	131 238
>>	,,		d Premises	52
33	22	to Licensed 1	Houses	10
,,	33	to Ice Cream	Premises	159
>>	Food an	d Drugs Sam	ples taken	206
>>	Milk Sai	mples taken		95
Miscellaneous				
Number	of visits	to Shops und	er Shops Act	000
	3 WILLI	AND DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	OCTORC Ato	288
Miscellan	icous vis	its and inspec	tions	575 873
Disinfection				0/3
	of room.	Alabara v		
Number	of articl	as of elected a	fter infectious diseases	299
- TOTALOCI	or arrici	es of clorning	T hedding oto disinf 1 C.	
Number	of library	k hooks disinf	ected of ser 's Court	3089
			etc., disinfected for Civil Defence,	408
A.R.	P. and P	Billeting,	etc., disinfected for Civil Defence,	
				9

Number of verminous rooms disinfected Number of rooms disinfected for cockroaches	200 349
Notices served and complied with	
Number of preliminary notices complied with Number of statutory notices served	2155 858 354 442
Number of Nuisances abated and Defects remedied	
(a) Dwelling houses	
Floors repaired or renewed Windows and sashcords repaired or renewed Cooking ranges and fireplaces repaired or renewed Coppers provided or repaired Sinks provided or repaired Water supplies repaired or provided Rainwater pipes and eaves gutters repaired or renewed Food stores provided or repaired Stairs, doors and woodwork repaired or renewed Chimneys and stacks repaired Yards and passages paved or repaired Dangerous walls rebuilt Dampness abated Rooms cleansed and redecorated	612 158 626 142 762 169 20 79 408 348 5 358 70 78 70 180 11
(b) Drainage Drains cleared of obstruction	228
	85
W.C. pedestals and cisterns repaired or renewed	3 168 455
(d) Dustbins	
	779
(e) Miscellaneous Offensive accumulations removed Verminous and dirty premises cleansed Other items Workshops and bakehouses Cowsheds and dairies—defects and contraventions remedied Food premises—defects and contraventions remedied Shop Acts—defects and contraventions remedied	21 51 19 20 6 34 16

